OSHA Update

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What is OSHA's Top Priority? To Reduce

Injuries, Illnesses, and Deaths on the job in America



- •Over 4,300 Americans died from workplace injuries and illnesses last year
- •Over 3.3 million non-fatal workplace injuries and illnesses are reported
- On average, 13 workers die every day from job injuries

Who Bears The Costs of Injury and Illnesses?

- 50% workers
- 21% workers compensation
- 13% private health insurance
- 11% federal government
- 5% state and local governments

TOP 10 Most Cited Violations 2014

Description				
1) Fall Protection	1926.501			
2) Scaffolding	1926.451			
3) Hazard Communication	1910.1200			
4) Ladders	1926.1053			
5) Lockout / Tagout	1910.147			
6) Machine Guarding	1910.212			
7) Powered Industrial Trucks	1910.178			
8) Electrical Wiring Methods	1910.305			
9) Respiratory Protection	1910.134			
10) Electrical-General Requirements	1910.303			

Total Inspections FY end 2013/2014 Comparison

- 2013 Massachusetts Inspections
 1,743
 - Braintree 853
 - 57% construction
 - Andover 560
 - 69% construction
 - Springfield 330
 - 62% construction

- 2014 Massachusetts Inspections1,534
 - Braintree 711
 - 51% construction
 - Andover 542
 - 66% construction
 - Springfield 393
 - 57% construction



National Indicators

- 75% Serious violations
- 25% In Compliance –Construction
- 2.1 violations per inspection (NIC)
- 52% Construction Inspections
- Average penalty per serious violation-\$2030

OSHA Stats

- 100,000,000 : Number of workers covered by OSHA standards
- 8,000,000: Number of workplaces covered by OSHA
- 2258: OSHA entire staff in fiscal 2014
- 1,539: Field Enforcement Staff
- \$571,000,000: OSHA Budget request for 2014
- 40,961: Inspections by OSHA in 2012

Major Causes for Fatalities

#	Cause	Percentage
15	Falls	34%
9	Struck/Crushed	20%
7	Forklifts / Aerial Lifts / Earth Moving Equipment	15%
3	Caught in	7%
3	Electrocution	7%
2	Other	5%
2	CO / Asphyxiated	5%
2	Tree Cutting	5%
1	Burns	2%

National Emphasis Programs

- Trenching and Excavation
- Combustible Dust
- Hazardous Machinery (amputations)
- Hexavalent Chromium
- Isocynates
- Lead
- Nursing and Residential Care Facilities
- Primary Metals
- Process Safety Management
- Shipbreaking
- Silica



Local Emphasis Programs

- Noise in the Workplace
- Fall Hazards
- Mast Climbing Work Platforms
- Crane Operation in Construction
- Powered Industrial Trucks
- Residential Construction
- Crystalline Silica Exposure
- Scrap, Waste and Refuse Industries



OSHA Recordkeeping Update

- To require employers to record and report work-related fatalities, injuries and illnesses
- ➤ Recording or reporting a work-related injury, illness, or fatality does NOT mean the employer or employee was at fault.
- ➤ It does not mean the employee is eligible for workers' compensation or other benefits.

Employers are Required to:

- Keep records of Injuries and Illnesses and
- Report each worker Death within 8 HOURS of the accident (1-800-321-OSHA)
- Report each incident that Hospitalizes 1 or more workers within 24 HOURS
- Report each incident that results in an Amputation or the Loss of an Eye Within 24 HOURS

Four (4) Main Hazards

- FALL FROM
- CRUSHED BY/CAUGHT IN BETWEEN
- STRUCK BY
- ELECTROCUTED

OSHA investigating power line death

WHSV-TV (Harrisonburg, Va.) September 13, 2015

Construction worker dead after fall from Kenwood building

Chicago Sun-Times September 14, 2015

Letcher County man killed in forklift accident

WKYT-TV (Lexington, Ky.) September 14, 2015

OSHA investigating McNeilus after machinery nearly crushes worker

KTTC-TV (Rochester, Minn.) September 10, 2015

Electrical worker dies after touching live wire in Seffner

Tampa (Fla.) Tribune September 9, 2015

Fall From



Caught in between





Fall From.....

- In 2012 over 6,000 workers were injured in a fall at work in Massachusetts.
- Approximately 1,030 of these falls were to a lower level and resulted in half of these workers missing 16 days of work or more.
- Falls to a lower level resulted in nearly 12000 fractures in 2011

Splat Calculator

•	4 ft fall	11 mph	.5 secs
•	10 ft fall	17 mph	.8 secs
•	30 ft fall	30 mph	1.4 secs
•	200 ft fall	70 mph	3.8 secs
•	1200 ft fall	110 mph	10.7 secs

DANGER WALK ON DUCT WORK "ONLY" CEILING TILES ONE BALLROOM 50 FOOT DROP Be Careful



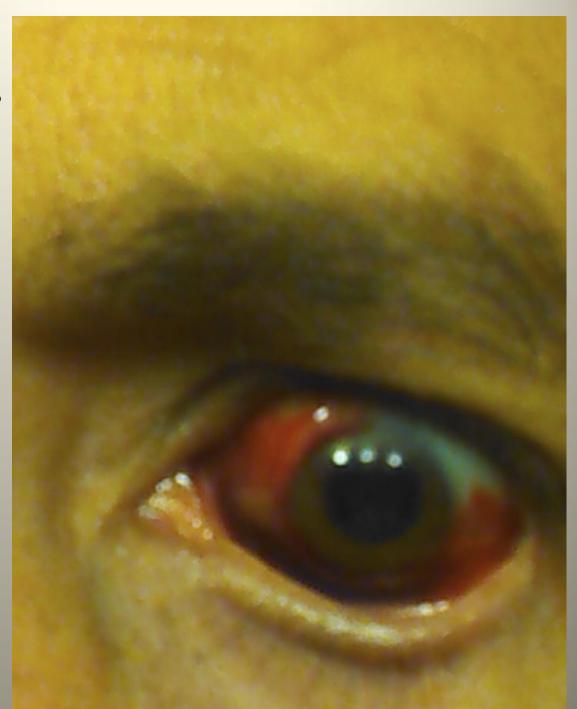


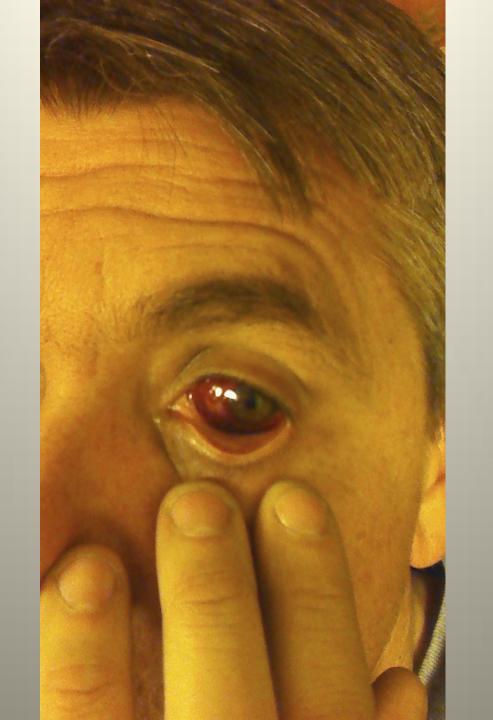


Crushed by/caught in between



Struck By Hazards









Electrocution



Electrical Safety Statistics

 Average of 4000 non-disabling and 3600 disabling electrical contact injuries annually in the United States

 Average of 5 people per week are electrocuted in the workplace.

 Over 2000 workers are sent to burn centers each year with electrical-related burn injuries

Electrical Safety Reality

- Workers are injured or killed everyday working on electrical systems
- Most injuries are a result of unsafe work practices
- Many workers do not understand electricity or know the OSHA/NEC electrical safety regulation requirements
- Many workers are NOT QUALIFIED to perform their assigned tasks!!!

Health Concerns

- Formaldehyde
- Hexavalent Chromium
- Silica
- Heavy metals (iron, copper)



Combustible Dust



Hot Topics

- Heat stress
- Powered Industrial Trucks
- Falls and walking working surfaces
- Workplace violence
- Amputation hazards
- Distracted driving
- Tree trimming
- Cranes
- PSM
- VPP Review
- Work zone safety
- Safe Electrical Work Practices
- Victim's Family Rights
- Customer service



Safety and Health Value

Estimated \$170 billion in costs associated with occupational injuries



Direct Savings

- Lower compensation costs
- Reduces medical expenses
- Reductions in back to work programs
- Reduction in faulty products
- Reductions in job accommodations for injured workers
- Reduction in overtime costs

Indirect Savings

- Increase productivity
- Better products
- Better morale
- Better labor/management relations
- Reduced turnover
- Better use of human resources

Do You Know How Much Accidents Are Really Costing?

- Accidents are more expensive than most people realize because of the hidden costs
- This iceberg visually demonstrates the relationship between direct and indirect costs of accidents

DIRECT

INDIRECT

Fractured Leg

- Direct Costs-----45,377
- Indirect Costs----49,914
- Total Cost \$ 95,291
- Profit Margin- 5%
- Total additional Sales/Revenue needed to cover Cost of Accident---\$1,905,000

Major Elements

- An effective occupational safety and health program will include the following four elements:
 - Management commitment and employee involvement
 - Worksite analysis
 - Hazard prevention and control
 - Safety and health training

- Hazard Assessment
- Hazard Analysis (JHA's JSA's HAZOPS SOP's)
- Accident Investigations
- Root Cause Analysis
- Continuous Improvements
- Near Misses
- Recognition
- Documentation
- Safety Culture

Communication!!

SAY WHAT YOU DO.....DO WHAT YOU SAY!





OSHA 413-785-0123